

THE ASTRONOMER Electronic Circular No 389 1990 Feb 19 19.21UT
 Microlink: MAG60138 JANET:GMH at UK.AC.RO-GREENWICH.STARLINK
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T LEONIS

Patrick Schmeer, West Germany, reports that T Leo (UG star) located
 at: RA 11h35m53s DEC +03 38.9' (1950) is in outburst. Estimates:
 Feb 15.931UT, 10.5; 16.909, 12.3.

COMET AUSTIN (1989c1)

Recent estimates:

Feb 7.75UT, 7.2 (A. Boattini, Italy); 13.44, 7.3 (T. Lovejoy,
 Australia); 14.44, 7.6 (G. Garradd, Australia).

Improved parabolic orbital elements from MPC 15857:

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| T = 1990 Apr. 9.9138 ET | Peri. = 61.5709 |
| q = 0.349428 AU | Node = 75.3043 1950.0 |
| | Incl. = 58.9370 |

Extension to ephemeris on E378:

| 1990 ET | R.A. (1950) | Decl. | Delta | r | m1 |
|---------|-------------|----------|-------|-------|-----|
| Mar. 10 | 1 22.62 | -10 39.1 | 1.544 | 0.868 | 4.8 |
| 15 | 1 29.23 | - 5 54.8 | | | |
| 20 | 1 35.65 | - 0 42.7 | 1.411 | 0.663 | 3.5 |
| 25 | 1 41.42 | + 5 02.7 | | | |
| 30 | 1 45.60 | +11 24.8 | 1.253 | 0.466 | 1.7 |
| Apr. 4 | 1 46.30 | +18 17.9 | | | |
| 9 | 1 40.47 | +25 06.0 | 1.046 | 0.350 | 0.0 |
| 14 | 1 26.13 | +30 36.1 | | | |
| 19 | 1 05.41 | +34 01.3 | 0.808 | 0.435 | 0.4 |
| 24 | 0 41.60 | +35 35.6 | | | |
| 29 | 0 15.77 | +35 47.0 | 0.600 | 0.626 | 1.4 |
| May 4 | 23 46.88 | +34 48.2 | | | |
| 9 | 23 12.24 | +32 27.8 | 0.418 | 0.831 | 1.8 |
| 14 | 22 27.66 | +27 58.9 | | | |
| 19 | 21 28.23 | +19 41.9 | 0.275 | 1.030 | 1.8 |
| 24 | 20 13.00 | + 6 04.6 | | | |
| 29 | 18 52.75 | - 9 44.4 | 0.251 | 1.220 | 2.4 |
| June 3 | 17 44.40 | -21 21.8 | | | |
| 8 | 16 54.82 | -27 50.8 | 0.389 | 1.402 | 3.9 |

Brian Marsden comments:

The above positions should be good to better than 15' in mid-April,
 but the error could still be around 1 deg in mid-May. The magnitude
 has been computed from $m1 = 4.5 + 5 \log \delta + 10 \log r$, which is
 in good agreement with recent observations. R. H. McNaught, Siding
 Spring Observatory, has derived the following even more optimistic
 formula, which satisfies 28 observations 1989 Dec. 17-1990 Jan. 27
 with an rms error of 0.3 mag: $m1 = 3.8 (+/- 0.4) + 5 \log \delta +$
 $13.7 (+/- 1.3) \log r$. It certainly would seem that 1989c1 has the
 potential to be the best comet since 1976. On the other hand, the
 disappointing display of comet 1973 XII serves as a reminder that
 cometary brightness is notoriously unpredictable. The prediction for
 comet 1989c1 on IAUC 4926 was deliberately intended to be
 conservative, but it is worth noting that the $7.5 \log r$ term
 utilized is often quite characteristic of 'new' comets from the
 Oort Cloud, as 1973 XII and 1989c1 both appear to be.
 IAUC 4958

EDITORIAL ABSENCE

The Editor will be away in Jersey from tomorrow morning until
 Thursday evening during which time please ring Denis Buczynski
 or Martin Mobberley with any queries,

Guy M Hurst